The Treatment of Named Entities in the Bulgarian Event Corpus

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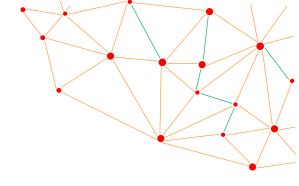


CLaDA-BG Conference 2023, 10–12 May 2023

Plan of the Talk

- Bulgarian Event Corpus (BEC): An overview
- Annotation Process within BEC
- Challenges on NEs Annotation Level
- Focus on Appositions Definition and Types
- Approaches to the Annotation of Appositions
 - Related to a Person (PER)
 - Related to a Non-person (LOC and GPE)
- Conclusions and Future Work

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Bulgarian Event Corpus (BEC): An Overview (1)

- Field Humanities and Social Sciences
- Focus semantic annotation on **3 levels**:
 - 1. Named entities (NEs) and terms
 - 2. Events and roles
 - 3. URL-linking

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• Data sources:

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- 1. From the **partners** research papers, biographical descriptions, archive documents and more
- 2. From **Wikipedia** articles on important geopolitical and administrative entities, organizations and big historical events
- Dataset: over 325 annotated and curated files

Bulgarian Event Corpus (BEC) (2)

Annotation scheme (AS) – based on CDOC-CRM ontology and FrameNet

Label	Description				
DOC	Various texts, including documents, excluding juridical documents -				
	see JUR				
EVT	Named events like Second World Wars				
JUR	Juridical documents: laws, regulations, etc.				
LOC	Locations/places — natural or man-made like mountains, lakes, etc., geopolitical units are excluded – see LOC-GPE				
LOC-GPE	Geopolitical units (countries, regions, cities, cantons, etc.)				
MSC	Miscellaneous names that not included in the other categories				
MSR	Measurements with expressed quantity				
ORG	Organizations of any kind				
PER	People (existing in reality or fictional ones)				
PER-GPE	Nationalities (Bulgarian), the birth place, or the place where people live				
PER-GRP	Groups of people that cannot be described as PER-GPE or PER-LOC (Slavs, etc.)				
PER-LOC	People that are related to geographical region, but not PER-GPE				
PRO	Products — tangible and intangible (DOC and JUR excluded)				
REF	Bibliographical references, citations of them, links.				
SUM	Amounts of money — a subclass of MSR				
TIME	Time points or periods				

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Event	Roles
Donation	<pre>donor (person or organization) recipient (person or organization) theme (object) mediator (person or organization, it could be fund) period-of-iterations (time: the length of time from when the event denoted by the target began to be repeated to when it stopped) goal (situation: the goal for which the donor gives the theme to the recipient) time place</pre>
Giving–Birth	 brought-into-life (the new born person) parents (the mother and father expressed together, for example "his parents" or "Penka and Toncho Ivanovi") mother father place (the birth place — usually the name of a city, country or hospital) time (the time of birth — usually it's a date, but can include hours, or it's just month and year)
Moving–in–Place	agent (a person) or theme (another type of object) coagent (another person or group of people the agent is moving with) move-from (the place from which the agent or the time moves)move-to (the place where the agent or the theme moves to) time/beginning/end/duration purpose (a situation or another event which causes the moving) goal (a situation/event to be achieved with the moving)
Leaving	agent a person or an organization that leaves a group group the group of which the person or organization ceases to be a member time the moment when the event leaving is performed reason why the leaving was performed
• • •	• • •

Annotation Process within BEC (1)

• Three levels of annotation:

1. NEs and terms annotation level (16 types of NEs)

19	тіме През юли 1861 г.	РЕВ Николай Павлович Игнатиев Игнатиев	<u>LOC-GPE</u> пътува за Цариград	термин като делегат н	РЕВ на Александър II,	, носейки поздрави на новия турски	<u>термин</u> султан Аб	РЕК Эдул-Азис.
_								_

In [July 1861]TIME, [Ignatiev]PER traveled to [Tsargrad]LOC-GPE as a [delegate]term of [Alexander II]PER, offering greetings to the new Turkish [Sultan]term [Abdul-Aziz]PER.

2. Events and roles annotation level (38 types of Events)

	ТІМЕ време	LOC-GPE в-място	премества	ане			
-	PER Николай Павлович Игна	атиев агенс	термин причина	PER	цел	термин	PER
19	През юли 1861 г. <mark>Игнатиев</mark> г	лътува за <mark>Цариград</mark> кат/	о делегат на Алекс	андър II, носейки поздра	ави на новия турски	султан	Абдул-Азис.

In [[July 1861]TIME]time], [[Ignatiev]PER]agent] traveled to [[Tsargrad]LOC-GPE]move-to] [as a [delegate]term of [Alexander II]PER]purpose], offering [greetings to the new Turkish [Sultan]term [Abdul-Aziz]PER]goal].



Annotation Process within BEC (2)

3. URL-linking annotation level

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ействия Каталози Помощ											
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	Reference Count Current numtURL					Text	JAN	0110108			_
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година в Ругуновец (Карасуле),	1941 0 0										
тогава в Османската империя.	Антон Югов 29 0					URL 🙀 🖬					
	БКП 1 0				-						
8 Сестрин син е на Иванчо Карасулията, войвода на ВМОРО и ВМОК.					Þ	🛞 Антон_Югов					
			K								f
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1 През 1919 година завършва	85 e		а	т<		 НАИМЕНОВАНИ СЪЩНОСТИ 	_				
рогимназия, след което работи в тютюневата ромишленост.	86 роден		ж	р		PER	Антон Югов	Антон_Югов	Югов	84	
	87 на		А		_	TIME		-	5 август 1904 година	88	•
2 От 1921 г. е член на Българския	88 5	T<	a	B<	<u> </u>	LOC-GPE		Ругуновец	Ругуновец (Карасуле)	93	
омунистически младежки съюз, а от 1928 година на БКП.	89 август	1	н	р	-	LOC-GPE СЪБИТИЯ		Османска_империя	Османската империя	100	
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рез 1933 – 1934 година е секретар на нейния	95 Карасуле	C	c	M	-	място		Ругуновец	Ругуновец (Карасуле)	93	
ентрален комитет с псевдоним Рашко.	96)	-	T	a	-	местоположение			Ругуновец (Карасуле), то	93	
По това време михайловистите издават	97 ,		0			тема		Ругуновец	Ругуновец (Карасуле)	93	
иъртна присъда на Антон Югов и той е	98 тогава		п	B<		време	1904 r.		тогава	98	
ринуден да ходи с охранител, като това е Иван	99 в		0			място		Османска_империя	Османската империя	100	
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През октомври 1934 г. Антон Югов	102 .				L						
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ни в Съветския съюз.					+						
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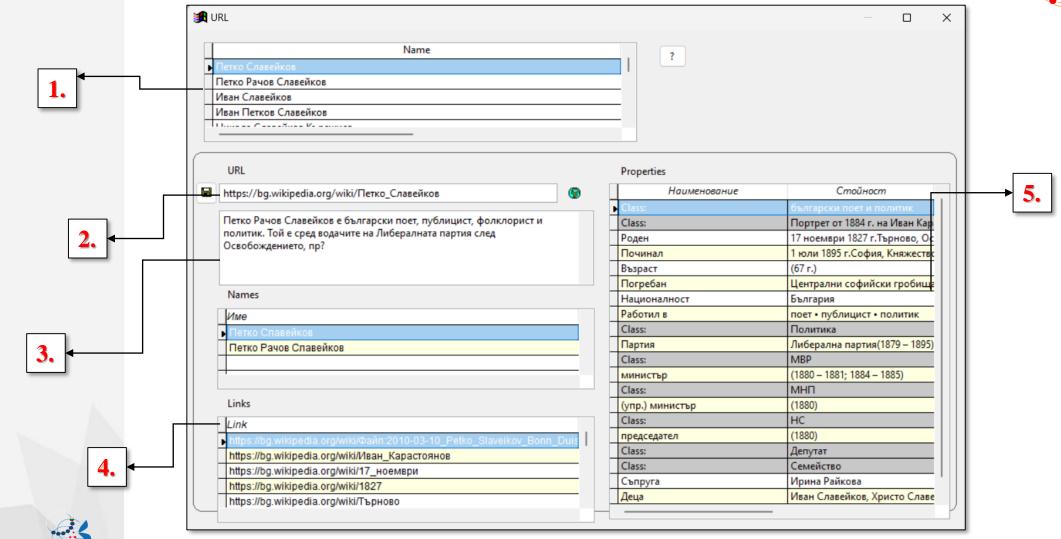
Annotation Process within BEC (3)

3.

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URL-linking annotation level



Challenges on NEs Annotation Level

Ambiguity:

1. One label for two or more different entities.

 the same proper noun is used for different geopolitical and administrative entities (exp. Levski Station, Levski Peak, Levski Municipality)



- 2. Two or more different labels for the same element.
 - different natural or administrative entities named after famous historical figures Botev Peak --- Hristo Botev, Elin Pelin Station --- Elin Pelin (person)



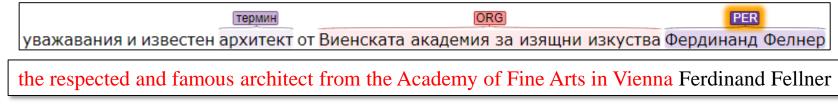
Focus on Appositions – Definition and Types (1)

- Apposition A noun phrase (NP) that designates another noun and is not connected to it with a preposition (Huddleston, R., Pullum, G. K., 2002; Брезински, Ст., 2000)
- Classification of appositives:
 - Complexity:

• Non-complex appositives



• Complex appositives



Focus on Appositions – Definition and Types (2)

Type of the head word:

• Related to a **person**

PER – refers to real or fictional people who are represented in the text by their names, pseudonyms, initials

• Related to a **non-person**

GPE – refers to geopolitical entities LOC – refers to man-made and natural sites that are not geopolitical entities

Reasons:

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inanimate entities \rightarrow could not be determined by many classifiers people \rightarrow have different roles through their life



Focus on Appositions – Definition and Types (3)

Stability of the role attributed (for PER)

Permanent – related to the *place of origin* (виенчанин 'Viennese'), *ethnicity* (славянин 'Slavic')

Temporary – related to *nationality* (българин 'Bulgarian'), *community to which the person belong* (работник 'worker'), *place they inhabit* (планинец 'mountaineer', островинтянин 'islander'), *profession* (архитект 'architect'), *status in society and kinship relations* (крал 'king', чичо 'uncle', свекърва/тъща 'mother-in-law'), etc.



Our Approach to the Annotation of Appositions in the Earlier Version of the AS

- Maximum segment when the noun phrase (NP) and the proper noun are marked
- **Minimum segment** when only the proper noun of the entity is marked

Maximum segment	Minimum segment
РЕК	рек
проф. Пенчев	проф. Пенчев
РЕВ	РЕК
поетесата Петя Дубарова	поетесата Петя Дубарова
[<i>prof.</i> Penchev] _{PER}	<i>prof.</i> [Penchev] _{PER}
[<i>the poet</i> Petya Dubarova] _{PI}	_{ER} <i>the poet</i> [Petya Dubarova] _{PER}

 \rightarrow Not very high results regarding annotators agreement

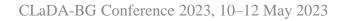
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Other Approaches to the Annotation of Appositions for PER

1. The appositive nouns are *not part of the NE* and are *not annotated*

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- for English MUC-7 Named Entity Task Definition, ver. 3.5 (1997); Co-reference Guidelines for English OntoNotes, ver. 7.0 (2007);
- for Bulgarian, Czech, Polish and Russian The Second Cross-Lingual Challenge on Recognition, Normalization, Classification, and Linking of Named Entities across Slavic Languages;
- 2. The appositive nouns are *not part of the NE*, but are *annotated with different annotation tags*
 - for English ACE (Automatic Content Extraction) English Annotation Guidelines for Entities Version 6.6. (2008);
 - for Spanish (historical texts) TEI-friendly annotation scheme for medieval named entities: a case on a Spanish medieval corpus;



Other Approaches to the Annotation of Appositions for LOC and GPE

1. The appositive nouns *are part of the NE*

- for English MUC-7 Named Entity Task Definition, ver. 3.5 (1997); ACE (Automatic Content Extraction) English Annotation Guidelines for Entities Version 6.6. (2008); ACE (Automatic Content Extraction) English Annotation Guidelines for Entities Version 6.6. (2008);
- for Bulgarian, Czech, Polish and Russian The Second Cross-Lingual Challenge on Recognition, Normalization, Classification, and Linking of Named Entities across Slavic Languages.
- 2. The appositive nouns are *not part of the NE*, but *are annotated with different annotation tags*



Our Approaches to the Annotation of Appositions in the new version of our AS

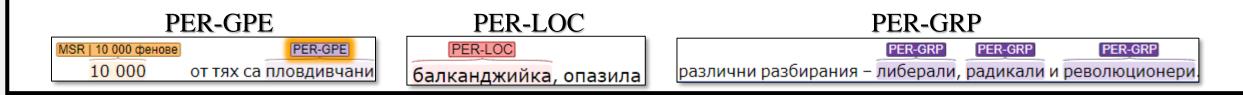
• For PER: Not part of the NE, but annotated with different annotation tags

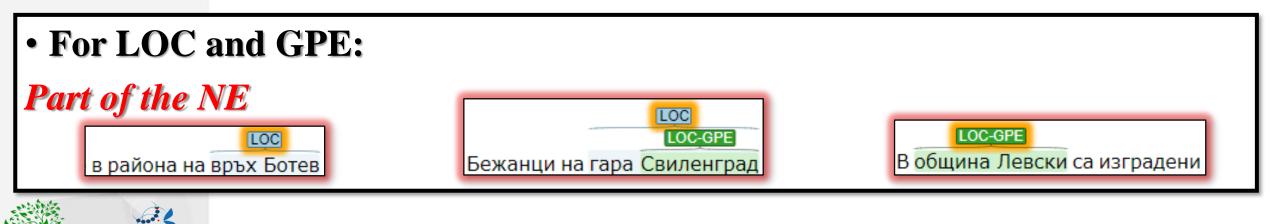
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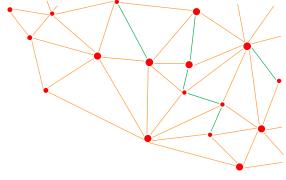




Conclusions and Future Work

- To decide how to treat the appositives defining other **non-person** head words **ORG, PRO, DOC,** etc.
- To deal with complex appositions
- To make the AS more detailed towards the annotation of appositives related to a **person**
 - PER-TITLE, PER-KIN, etc.
- To perform experiments for Named Entity Recognition in order to justify the changes that we have done in our AS





Thank you for your attention!



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